

patients with visual field defects improved (Tables 5 and 6).

Twenty patients stopped taking the drug. Causes of treatment discontinuation were: no benefit in

11 patients, large dose in 5 patient, side effects in 3, and patient will in only 1 patient.

Table 1. Gender distribution of patients among stroke types

Sex	Ischemic stroke	Intracerebral hemorrhage	Total (%)
Male	133	11	144 (66.3%)
Female	67	6	73 (33.6%)
Total (%)	200 (92.2%)	17 (7.8%)	217

Table 2. Age and sex distribution of ischemic stroke patients

Sex	Age Groups (Years)							Total
	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	80-	
Male	10	13	13	27	49	13	8	133 (66.5%)
Female	2	3	9	20	21	8	4	67 (33.5%)
Total (%)	12 (6%)	16 (8%)	22 (11%)	47 (23%)	70 (35%)	21 (10.5%)	12 (6%)	200

Table 3. Grade of disability according to mRs Score in patients with ICH at the onset, 1 month and after 3 months afterwards

	G5	G4	G3	G2	Total G2-5 (%)	G1	G0	Total G1-0 (%)	Total
onset	83	1	3	4	16 (94.1%)	1	0	1 (5.9%)	17
1 st month	28	2	2	1	5 (29.4%)	3	9	12 (70.6%)	17
3 rd month	11	2	2	1	5 (29.4%)	3	9	12 (70.6%)	17

(G2-5 being dependent and G0-1 being independent)

Table 4. Grade of weakness according to mRs Score of muscle power in patients with ischemic stroke at onset, after 1 month and after 3 months afterwards

	G5	G4	G3	G2	Total G2-5 (%)	G1	G0	Total G1-0 (%)	Total
onset	83	30	29	17	159 (79.5%)			41 (20.5%)	200
1 st month	28	17	11	10	66 (33%)	59	30	134 (67%)	200
3 rd month	11	6	6	13	36 (18%)	43	55	164 (82%)	200