

Table 1: Prevalence (%) of *H. pylori* infected patients according to the noninvasive and invasive diagnostic used methods in this study.

Methods used	<i>H. pylori</i> Infected patients, n (%)
Ultra Rapid Urease test	37(80)
Positive Ultra Rapid Urease test with negative EIA test	10(21)
positive Ultra Rapid Urease test with positive EIA test	27(57)
positive impression smears	28(60)
EIA test	37(80)
Positive EIA test with negative Ultra Rapid Urease test	6(12)

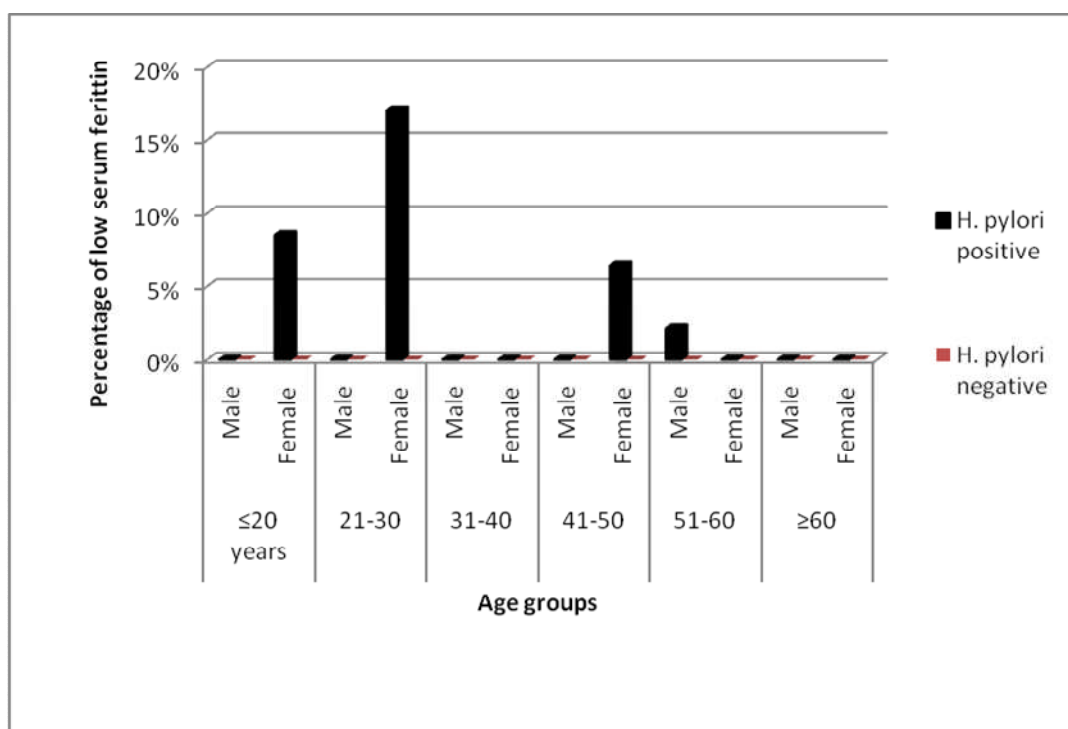


Figure 2: Percentage of low serum Ferritin in total patients among age group and gender